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EXAMINER
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VU, NGOC K

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2623

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PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/022,651

Applicant(s)

PALAZZO ET AL.

Examiner

Ngoc K. Vu

Art Unit

2623

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 5/16/2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 3-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 3-21 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

***Response to Arguments***

1. Applicant's arguments filed 5/16/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Fries does not teach providing information regarding a broadcast advertisement, and the broadcast advertisement comprises audio and video data as claimed. In response, Fries discloses providing the page images in the form of HTML pages to subscribers from a provider such as advertiser. See col. 6, lines 43-55 and FIG 6. It is noted that the HTML pages comprise information regarding a broadcast advertisement since the pages as shown in FIG 6 and FIG 8 contains promotional information consisting a plurality of data items or elements. For instance, FIG 8 illustrates an exemplary page image having elements for enabling the user to purchase merchandise or the like. It is noted that in the system of Fries, the set top box properly extracts audio and video data and data packets interspersed within six MHz television channel, according to their PIDs. See col. 5, lines 37-50 and 61-67. Fries also discloses delivering a carousel of rendered HTML page images to the set top box along with meta-data for each page over a six MHz NTSC channel, and wherein each page images consists of MPEG-2 video data and the audio data can be added to the carousel. See col. 4, lines 4-11 and 17-28; col. 33, lines 56-67. Moreover, the system of Fries not only provides the HTML pages for information service channel, but also provides the regular broadcast programs. For example, for any page, it is possible to tune to a video channel for providing non pay-per-view programs, pay-per-view program...etc, via a link (see col. 18, lines 6-22). Thus, the broadcast advertisement is "interspersed" within broadcast programs in view of data transmission and/or link features as interpreted above.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1, 3-5, and 9-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable over Fries (US 6,317,885).

Claim 1, a data structure stored on a computer readable media, the data structure comprising:

One or more data tags, each data tag used to provide information regarding a broadcast advertisement (providing the page images in the form of HTML pages to subscribers from a provider such as advertiser. It is noted that the HTML pages comprise information regarding a broadcast advertisement since the pages as shown in FIG 6 and FIG 8 contains promotional information consisting a plurality of data items or elements. For instance, FIG 8 illustrates an exemplary page image having elements for enabling the user to purchase merchandise or the like. See col. 6, lines 43-55 and FIG 6 & 8; col. 7, lines 34-55) interspersed within the broadcast programs, wherein said broadcast advertisement comprises audio and video data (It is noted that in the system of Fries, the set top box properly extracts audio and video data and data packets interspersed within six MHz television channel, according to their PIDs. The Fries's system delivers a carousel of rendered HTML page images to the set top box along with meta-data for each page over a six MHz NTSC channel, and wherein each page images consists of MPEG-2 video data and the audio data can be added to the carousel. Moreover, for any page, it

Art Unit: 2623

is possible to tune to a video channel for providing non pay-per-view programs, pay-per-view program...etc, via a link. See col. 18, lines 6-22; col. 4, lines 4-11 and 17-28; col. 33, lines 56-67; col. 5, lines 37-50 and 61-67. Thus, the broadcast advertisement is "interspersed" within broadcast programs in view of data transmission and/or link features.).

One or more EPG action tags (i.e., ppv events), each EPG action tag used to define a valid EPG feature (i.e., buy ppv) that may be accessed from within the broadcast advertisement, the EPG feature being related to at least one of the broadcast advertisement and a program (ppv program) associated with the broadcast advertisement (Col. 13, lines 58-65; Col. 18, lines 8-23);

The data structure operates to provide a link between broadcast advertisement and the EPG to provide access to EPG features defined by the EPG action tags from within the broadcast advertisement (Col. 18, lines 8-23 and Col. 19, lines 15-40), the EPG being represented by a signal generated by a set top terminal (STT) using software programs stored in a memory of the STT (Col. 9, lines 42-55), wherein the software programs at the set top terminal interpret the data structure to provide the link and determine EPG controls that is presented and used in conjunction with the broadcast advertisement (browser and its associated API in the STB draws/redraws various pages of EPG along with its associated broadcast advertisement; see Col. 6, lines 35-40; Col. 9, lines 33-Col. 10, lines 65; Col. 13, lines 58-65, Col. 18, lines 8-23; Col. 19, lines 15-40), wherein the data structure is formatted in combination with the broadcast advertisement for broadcast to the set top terminal (Col. 5, lines 35-Col. 6, lines 67; Fries further discloses that the page image, i.e., commercial, could be formatted with video and audio for broadcast based on the configuration of the Advertiser/Broadcaster of the system because the IPF file includes an image tag (video), a program information tag and meta-data tag (audio) in which both the "URL" of the image tag

Art Unit: 2623

and the meta-data tag could be assigned to the corresponding video file and audio file, as shown in Col. 20, lines 32- 67+).

Claim 3, limitation "wherein each of the one or more electronic program guide action tags are marked by an opening and a closing tag, the opening and closing tag operative to define a data type for each of the one or more electronic programming action tags" is inherently met by the well known HTML tags using as a delimiter for each action tag or event, as described by Fries in; see Col. 8-15;

Claim 4, "wherein the opening and closing tag enclose the valid electronic program guide feature in order to delimit the valid electronic program guide feature from another valid electronic program guide feature." is further met by Fries because it is an inherently well-known feature of the standard HTML Tag using as a delimiter for each EPG feature (i.e., buy ppv), as described by Fries; see Col. 8-15;

Claim 5, Fries further discloses wherein the valid electronic program guide feature (i.e., buy ppv) comprises an electronic program guide action parameter (i.e., set time to record/remind when the ppv movie is available) of a data type (ppv movie) corresponding to the opening and closing tag (Col. 18, lines 7-65).

Claim 9, Fries further discloses wherein the EPG action parameter comprises ppv purchase information (Col. 18, 18-22).

Claim 10, Fries further discloses wherein the EPG action parameter comprises information to set a future reminder for a program (Col. 18, lines 15-18 and lines 45 of table, same col. 18);

Claims 11 and 12, Fries further discloses wherein the EPG action parameter comprises a network address, wherein the network address is an Internet address (Col. 18, lines 24-30).

Claim 13-16, limitations "wherein the one or more data tags comprises ppv information,

Art Unit: 2623

wherein the ppv information comprises program date information, wherein the ppv information comprises program time information, wherein the ppv information comprises program channel information" is inherently met by Fries because ppv information inherently has these claimed limitation in order for the user to recognize the title of the ppv movie, the date and time of the ppv movie is available for buying and of course the channel associate with the ppv movie for the user to tune to (col. 18, lines 10-20).

Claim 17, Fries further discloses wherein the one or more data tags comprise a unique advertisement identifier (see Fig. 6 with unique page elements thereon; Col. 6, lines 65-Co1.9, lines 35);

Claim 18, Fries further discloses wherein the identifier comprises a key to locate additional program information from a set of guide data (see Fig. 6 with unique page elementsthereon, in which the user could select one of the element to obtain additional information regarding the selected element; Col. 6, lines 65-Co1.9, lines 35);

Claim 19, Fries further discloses wherein the one or more data tags comprise a unique product identifier (see Fig. 6, i.e. Market report);

Claim 20, Fries further discloses wherein the identifier comprises a key to locate additional program information from a set of guide data (see Fig. 6 with unique page elements thereon, in which the user could select one of the element to obtain additional information regarding the selected element; Col. 6, lines 65-Co1.9, lines 35);

Claim 21, the method claim is analyzed with respect to claim 1.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Art Unit: 2623

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fries (US 6,317,885) in view of Lawler et al. (US 5,805,763).

Claim 6, 7, and 8, Fries fails to indicate the location to record such as a local location or a remote location to record/store the broadcast advertisement. Lawler discloses in response to a user selection for recording, the system sets a record tag which indicates the location for recording the program selected, i.e., locally or remote location (Col. 2, lines 15-30 and Col. 13, lines 14-32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Fries by setting a record tag indicating the location for recording the program locally or remotely as disclosed by Lawler in order to effectively identify the location of stored information.

### ***Conclusion***

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.



Art Unit: 2623

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ngoc K. Vu whose telephone number is 571-272-7306. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Miller can be reached on 571-272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ngoc Vu/  
NGOC K. VU  
PRIMARY EXAMINER  
Art Unit 2623

August 2, 2007